



# What are 10 tips to help students get the most from interprofessional learning?

- Consider how you might describe your role and scope of practice to students
- Be prepared to talk about who is on your team, e.g. think about how your team builds and maintains relationships with each other, consider examples of collaboration you could discuss, etc.
- Reflect on your own actions as a collaborative team member what might be inferred only from what is seen? How do your role model collaboration?
- Share your own reflections regarding collaboration with students (e.g. What questions do you have about other team members? How did you learn about collaboration?)
- Discuss students' interprofessional learning priorities (e.g. What are the student's interprofessional, collaborative strengths and areas for development?)
- Treat the student as team member (e.g. introduce team members by name; orient students to team roles, processes and structures)
- Share the range of interprofessional learning opportunities that exist in your day to day work (e.g. speaking one on one with another team member, working on team projects)
- Raise issues related to collaboration with students (e.g. What is the impact of collaboration on patient/client outcomes?)
- Discuss and role model ways to enable interprofessional communication (e.g. clarify jargon and acronyms used)
- Support the student to learn from other team members (e.g. learning about others' roles)

# What supports and resources are available for me?

- Tracy Paulenko, Interprofessional Education/Care & Professional Development Leader, x 3075 or tracy.paulenkol@uhn.ca
- Your profession's Coordinator of Clinical Education at the University of Toronto
- Centre for IPE, University of Toronto, <a href="www.ipe.utoronto.ca">www.ipe.utoronto.ca</a>

## **IPE Component in a Clinical Placement: Flexible IPE Activities**

# **TIPS for Enabling Reflection**

## Role model your own reflection.

- Share your reflections about interprofessional issues
   e. g. consider how your expectations about/ misperceptions about other professions was challenged in the past
- Ask students to discuss how their expectations re: interprofessionalism compares to reality
  e.g. what surprised them most, what they are most curious about, what do they want to learn more about,
  etc.







## Prompt students' analysis of interprofessional issues and opportunities.

- Help the student to reflect using questions that enables analytical thinking. For example:
  - o How is this similar to what you know about other roles?
  - What enabled interprofessional communication in both of these situations? (e.g. reduced use of jargon, etc)
  - Reflect on factors that enable collaboration related to personal, roles, team, organization, etc.

## Provide opportunities for self-assessment related to interprofessionalism.

- Self-assessment of collaborative competencies, for example:
  - o Ask the student about own collaborative strengths
  - Share your own collaborative competencies (such as role understanding, IP communication, reflection, understanding of team function, shared values and goals, coordination, etc.)
  - Help the student to identify learning priorities and plan how to address (including use of resources that exist within the team broadly who else can the student learn from?

#### Make interprofessional learning explicit.

- Many IP teachable moments may not be appreciated
- Consider what IP learning opportunities exist in your own day to day work
- Consider how to raise issues specifically re: roles and collaboration:
  - O What is the impact of collaboration on patients?
  - What is a team? What can I learn from that team member and the team as a whole?